

# ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR, CRIME AND POLICING ACT

## 2014 SECTION 59

### PUBLIC SPACES PROTECTION ORDER

This order is made by Dacorum Borough Council (the 'Council') and shall be known as the Public Spaces Protection Order (Hemel Hempstead) 2018.

#### **PRELIMINARY**

1. The Council, in making this Order is satisfied on reasonable grounds that:

The activities identified below have been carried out in public places within the Council's area and have had a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality,

and that:

the effect, or likely effect, of the activities:

is, or is likely to be, of a persistent or continuing nature,

is, or is likely to be, such as to make the activities unreasonable, and

justifies the restrictions imposed by the notice.

2. The Council is satisfied that the prohibitions imposed by this Order are reasonable to impose in order to prevent the detrimental effect of these activities from continuing, occurring or recurring, or to reduce that detrimental effect or to reduce the risk of its continuance, occurrence or recurrence.
3. The Council has had particular regard to the rights and freedoms set out in Article 10 (right of freedom of expression) and Article 11 (right of freedom of assembly) of the European Convention on Human Rights and has concluded that the restrictions on such rights and freedoms imposed by this Order are lawful, necessary and proportionate.

## THE ACTIVITIES

4. The Activities prohibited by the Order are:
  - i) Not to cycle or skateboard
  - ii) Not to spit (including discharge of chewing gum), urinate or defecate

## THE PROHIBITION

5. A person shall not engage in any of the Activities in 4(i) above anywhere within the restricted area as shown shaded blue on the attached map labelled 'Public Space Protection Order – Plan 1.
6. A person shall not engage in any of the Activities in 4(ii) above anywhere within the restricted area as shown shaded blue on the attached map labelled 'Public Space Protection Order – Plan 2'.

## EXCEPTION

7. The prohibition of the Activity specified in 4 (ii) shall not apply to toilets open to the public.

## PERIOD FOR WHICH THIS ORDER HAS EFFECT

8. This Order will come into force at midnight on XXXX 2018 and will expire at midnight on XXXX 2021.
9. At any point before the expiry of this three year period the Council can extend the Order by up to three years if they are satisfied on reasonable grounds that this is necessary to prevent the activities identified in the Order from occurring or recurring or to prevent an increase in the frequency or seriousness of those activities after that time.

## WHAT HAPPENS IF YOU FAIL TO COMPLY WITH THIS ORDER?

10. Section 67 of the Anti-Social Behaviour Crime and Policing Act 2014 says that it is a criminal offence for a person without reasonable excuse -
  - to do anything that the person is prohibited from doing by a public spaces protection order, or
  - to fail to comply with a requirement to which the person is subject under a public spaces protection order

A person guilty of an offence under section 67 is liable on conviction in the Magistrates Court to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale

## FIXED PENALTY

11. A constable, police community support officer or authorised council enforcement officer may issue a fixed penalty notice to anyone he or she believes has committed an offence under section 67 of the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act. You will have 14 days to pay the fixed penalty of £75. If you pay the fixed penalty within the 14 days you will not be prosecuted.

## APPEALS

12. Any challenge to this order must be made in the High Court by an interested person within six weeks of it being made. An interested person is someone who lives in, regularly works in, or visits the restricted area. This means that only those who are directly affected by the restrictions have the power to challenge. The right to challenge also exists where an order is varied by the Council.

13. Interested persons can challenge the validity of this order on two grounds: that the Council did not have power to make the order, or to include particular prohibitions or requirements; or that one of the requirements of the legislation has not been complied with.

14. When an application is made the High Court can decide to suspend the operation of the order pending the Court's decision, in part or in totality. The High Court has the ability to uphold the order, quash it, or vary it.

Dated:

The Common Seal of  
Dacorum Borough  
Council was affixed in  
the presence of:

*Authorised Signatory*

*Authorised Signatory*

Section 67 Anti-Social Behaviour Crime and Policing Act 2014

- (1) It is an offence for a person without reasonable excuse-
  - (a) To do anything that the person is prohibited from doing by a public spaces protection order, or
  - (b) To fail to comply with a requirement to which a person is subject under a public spaces protection order
- (2) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale
- (3) A person does not commit an offence under this section by failing to comply with a prohibition or requirement that the local authority did not have power to include in the public spaces protection order